

Standards-Based Assessment

Answer the following items on a separate piece of paper.

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- Which of the following relationships is true?
 - Higher-energy light has a higher frequency than lower-energy light does.
 - Higher-energy light has a longer wavelength than lower-energy light does.
 - Higher-energy light travels at a faster speed than lower-energy light does.
 - Higher-frequency light travels at a slower speed than lower-energy light does.
- The energy of a photon is greatest for
 - visible light.
 - ultraviolet light.
 - infrared light.
 - X-ray radiation.
- What is the wavelength of radio waves that have a frequency of 88.5 MHz?
 - 3.4 m
 - 8.9 nm
 - 0.30 m
 - 300 nm
- Which transition in an excited hydrogen atom will emit the longest wavelength of light?
 - E_5 to E_1
 - E_4 to E_1
 - E_3 to E_1
 - E_2 to E_1
- Which of the following quantum numbers is often designated by the letters s , p , d , and f instead of by numbers?
 - n
 - l
 - m
 - s
- Which quantum number is related to the shape of an orbital?
 - n
 - l
 - m
 - s
- What is the maximum number of unpaired electrons that can be placed in a $3p$ sublevel?
 - 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
- What is the maximum number of electrons that can occupy a $3s$ orbital?
 - 1
 - 2
 - 6
 - 10

- Which element has the noble-gas notation $[\text{Kr}]5s^24d^2$?
 - Se
 - Sr
 - Zr
 - Mo

SHORT ANSWER

- When a calcium salt is heated in a flame, a photon of light with an energy of 3.2×10^{-19} J is emitted. On the basis of this fact and the table below, what color would be expected for the calcium flame?

Frequency, s^{-1}	7.1×10^{14}	6.4×10^{14}	5.7×10^{14}
Wavelength, nm	422	469	526
Color	violet	blue	green
Frequency, s^{-1}	5.2×10^{14}	4.8×10^{14}	4.3×10^{14}
Wavelength, nm	577	625	698
Color	yellow	orange	red

- The electron configuration of sulfur is $1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^4$. Write the orbital notation for sulfur.

EXTENDED RESPONSE

- Explain the reason for the hydrogen line-emission spectrum.
- When blue light shines on potassium metal in a photocell, electrons are emitted. But when yellow light shines on the metal, no current is observed. Explain.



Test Tip

If time permits, take short mental